

A Truthful Remark.

"The snake had been scotched but not killed."—*Valley Tan*, Dec. 28th, 1859.

The greater portion of the editorial from which the above remark is taken, will be found in to-day's paper. Reference is had in that editorial to the treason and rebellion of Mormon Church leaders; and the lies told to the people then are now employed with but slight variations to prejudice this community against the officers and soldiers now here.

Treason and rebellion manifested themselves in Utah in 1857 by burning Government trains—building fortifications in Echo Cañon for the purpose of resisting the passage, into this valley, of United States troops—and other like deeds.

In 1864-5 the treason of the same leaders manifests itself in refusals to furnish the Government, from their abundance, necessary supplies for the troops now here and in praying for the downfall of the nation.

The remark that "the snake had been scotched but not killed," although not very classical, is nevertheless true. The editor of the *Valley Tan* made a prophecy and it has proved a correct one—more than can be said of many prophecies made by "the Lion" of the Mormon Church.

We commend the article to the careful attention of our readers.

WHAT OUR PARLORS SHOULD BE.—A modern writer says: "Don't keep up a solemn parlor, into which you go but once a month with your parson or sewing society. Hang around your walls pictures, which tell stories of mercy, hope, courage, faith and charity. Make your living room the largest and most cheerful in the house. Let the place be such that when your boy has gone to distant lands, or even when, perhaps, he clings to a single plank in the lone waters of the wide ocean, the thought of the desolation, bringing always light, hope and love."

The parlor thought is all right; but, we do not exactly understand how a fellow clinging "to a single plank in the lone waters of the wide ocean" can by recollection of "the still homestead," produce "any" light or hope. We rather think that a gallant ship "bearing down" towards that single plank would afford much more light and hope under the circumstances than any parlor recollections.

The practice of newspapers in devoting a column to correspondents is thus taken off by an exchange. Jenny is seeking information on the marriage question:

Jenny—Ministers are not more addicted to dissipation than men of other professions. A few of the Kallcock type take gin toddies and liberties with the ladies; but the greater majority of them are as good as lawyers and doctors. If you want a true christian marry an editor.

BUT for the rebellion no French soldier would ever have trodden the Mexican soil. The Maximilian empire is a thing created upon the idea of the overthrow of the Federal Union.—*Sac. Union*.

Exactly. That is the way to write it. When the rebellion is settled the soldiers in the Department of the Pacific will have a chance to display their bravery on Mexican soil. They will get even on their three years sage brush service.

The total money value of property assessed in California during the year 1864, is \$180,484,949 45, a gain of more than six millions of dollars over the year 1863.

THE LONDON TIMES treats with contempt the plan of the rebels to emancipate their slaves; and laughs to scorn the idea of their asking for an European Protectorate.

Five Years Ago.

We publish the following extract from an editorial article in the *Valley Tan* of December 28th, 1859. It is a truthful picture. Many of the evils and wrongs mentioned in this article are in existence now; and the same arguments are yet employed by church leaders. The article is presented to our readers without any further comment at this time:

Two years ago Utah was in open rebellion against the laws and government of the United States. She had disregarded and set at defiance officers appointed by the government to administer and execute the laws of the Territory. Peaceful and law abiding citizens who dwell here, had been some of them murdered, and others driven out of the Territory by a horde of miscreants and traitors who had usurped the reins of government here. On the plains, the smoking ashes of trains loaded with government stores, attested the foulness of the treason that rankled here. In Echo Cañon, dykes and battlements had been erected to oppose the passage of troops of the United States.

Such was the external condition of Utah towards a government the mildest and most liberal of any on earth, and which only demanded of Utah the same obedience and submission to law which is required of any other State and Territory of which it is composed: what was its internal condition during the same time? A large majority of the people dwelling here then, as now, were foreigners who were ignorant almost of the very form of government under which they dwell, and knew nothing of its designs and policy beyond what their leaders told them, and on these, they unfortunately placed a blind reliance, as they also, yielded an implicit obedience. Every art and conceivable means were used by these leaders to impress on the minds of these deluded beings, the belief that the government of the United States was seeking to oppress them, and pursuing them with persecutions on account of their religion. They were told that if the army came here, their wives would be ravished by a brutal soldiery—that their homes would disappear beneath the torch of the incendiary, or what was worse, become the abodes of their oppressors—that their property would be given over to pillage and confiscation. These, with a thousand other lies, were told to stimulate the opposition of the people, which then, as now, was far more considerate of their rights, than those who erected themselves into the professed and special champions of them.

It is no wonder that by such means, such persons were deceived. We find them, consequently, neglecting the pursuits of quiet and ordinary industry, for which they are really famed, and spending their time in the erection of fortifications, and in the exercise of military evolutions, to oppose the ingress of their supposed enemies into the Territory. These labors of course, brought no rewards—their families were left without the usual means of support, and of course, were deprived of many of the comforts and necessities of life, so that by the time they were ordered by their imperious dictators to go south, many of them were in a state of actual destitution and want. Such was the condition of affairs in Utah, two years ago. Treason and rebellion without—privation and want within. Yet these are the times that awaken "sighs that cannot be choked," when compared with what they are now. And what are they now? By no means as bright and calm as they might be, but a vast improvement, certainly, on what they were two years ago. The lowering and threatening clouds, which then overspread the sky, and seemed charged with lightning and tempest, have retired to the horizon, and now display their wrath in distant and muttered thunders. Treason, which then stalked openly and publicly abroad, now seeks some little disguise. "The snake has been scotched, but not killed." Citizens, thanks to the presence of an army near here, can dwell with some little security more than they could two years ago; true, their rights are still violated in some respects, but their treatment is merciful at present, compared with what it once was. They are sometimes now assassinated in the dark; and of course no one knows, or can find out, whence the blow came that destroyed them; but they are not openly told in a court, professing to be a court of law and justice, that their "necks will be wrung like that of chicken," if they venture to assert their rights against a Mormon. Federal courts can now be held, and Federal Judges discharge their duty, without danger of intimidation from armed bands of rowdies and bullies, but it is a well understood fact, that Mormon

judges are not going to convict one of their fraternity for crimes committed against a "gentile." They will seldom, indeed, try one of their members for any offences of this kind. In some cases, no effort whatever is made to find out the perpetrators of crime, as was the case with the murderers of Drown, Arnold and Vincent; in others, where the crime, performed in open day, and in the sight of hundreds of citizens, the murderer was quietly permitted to make his escape. But if any of them are arrested, even, they are not brought to trial, for a grand jury interposes, and "ignores" any bill against them, as was the case with the man who killed the deaf and dumb boy a year ago. But why enumerate particular instances; when it is believed, on good evidence, that over two hundred murders have been committed in this Territory, within the past three years, that were incited and participated in by Mormons; and yet not a single offender has been brought to trial and punishment therefor. This fact alone, proves how much respect is had for life here; and on what basis the good order and quietude which prevails in Utah rests.

UPS AND DOWNS.—The incidents connected with the career of two former citizens of this place will serve to show what changes are effected by Time, and that at last the old regulator makes all things come out right. In the year 1850 a store stood opposite the hotel of J. N. Turner, on lower Main-street. Richard Oglesby was the owner, then aged about twenty years. At the same time Thomas Freeman was City Recorder. Oglesby was an old Whig and Freeman was a Chiv. These two had frequent discussions, in which Oglesby expressed his pride in being called an Abolitionist. Freeman usually came off second best, and was often heard to say in regard to Oglesby, that "the boy would make his mark in the world, if he wasn't such a d-d Abolitionist." In 1852 both left the State, and at the commencement of the rebellion Oglesby volunteered in the Union army, and Freeman joined the rebels. Both became Colonels. At Shiloh Oglesby received a dangerous wound in the breast, and left the army. After three years of war, the doctrines for which Oglesby was despised became the faith of the people. In 1864 he was nominated and elected to the Governorship of Illinois, by an overwhelming majority. He is now the Chief Magistrate of that State, and at the same time Oglesby was being made Governor. He occupied a cell in the Penitentiary at Alton, in the same State. Oglesby has made his mark as a loyal man, and a friend of freedom. He has his reward. Freeman has made his as an enemy of his country, and the friend of oppression, and he has reaped the fruits of his treason.—*Nevada Transcript*.

The above is the truth so far as Oglesby is concerned. We knew him.

ONE of the new petroleum millionaires wisely determined that his daughter should have a good education, and sent her to the most expensive school in New York. The girl had no intellectual ability, and the teacher honestly wrote to the father that his daughter had no capacity for learning. "Capacity," said the father, "buy her one—she shall have all that money can get."

A prevalent opinion with many who suddenly amass a fortune.

DECIDELY ROUGH.—A wife in New York, who had deserted her husband and was living with another man, bought furs at a Broadway store amounting to \$335, and had the bill sent to her husband, and the court made him pay it.

A small sized fight about that time would have proved an interesting sequel.

A gentleman sat down to write a deed and began with: "Know one woman by these presents." "You are wrong," said a bystander; "it ought to be know all men." "Very well," answered the other, "if one woman knows it, all men will of course."

THERE is no surer index of true manhood than a belief in the holy mission of woman. Every gentleman is born a defender of woman; and no gentleman ever forgets the respect due to a woman.

JAMES STARK continues to delight the people of Denver. His readings of Shakespearean plays are magnificent.

PRINCE NAPOLEON has been designated for the Regency of France in the event of the Emperor's death.

PETROLEUM IS THE RAGE.—A writer in a Philadelphia paper denies that the article, petroleum, which is occupying so much of the public attention at the present day, is obtained from coal:

"I will here state that last summer I visited the oil regions and became convinced of the fallacy of the theory that petroleum was derived from coal. There is no coal of importance in the Pennsylvania oil regions, and one of the greatest difficulties the oil operators have to contend with is the scarcity of fuel. After a full examination of the region, and by applying to common sense for a solution of the problem, I became convinced that nature, in her great laboratory in the interior of the world, is constantly manufacturing gas, which condenses to petroleum in the crevices of the rocks made by the convulsions that formed the mountains.

Basing my calculations on the correctness of my position, I am of the decided opinion that the supply of petroleum is unlimited. The bulk of the world is liquid fire. The amount of burning material is beyond comprehension. Its quality we know nothing about, further than I have mentioned; but we know that the material is intensely combustible, as it burns without the aid of atmospheric air. The amount of gas produced must be immense, as nature never ceases her labor. The same operations that made the world habitable for man are in continual existence. The gradual process of cooling of the world's crust is continual. In fact, all the operations of nature, that have produced what we see and feel, will be continual, and like results will follow. Countless ages will elapse before this combustion ceases, and the generations to follow will never exhaust the supply of petroleum. They may possibly be obliged to bore deeper in the earth to reach the treasure. Great is Petroleum.

THE Legislature of Montana has adopted the Common Law of England to govern in all cases not provided for in the Statutes. It is to be the law and rule of decision, and considered as of full force until repealed by the Legislative authority.

A COMPLIMENT.—The New York Tribune speaks of the installation of Salmon P. Chase as Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, as the placing "a solid block of New England granite in position."

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.—During the year 1864 there were one hundred and forty railroad accidents in the United States. Four hundred and four persons were killed and 1,846 were wounded.

YUBA COUNTY, (Cal.) paid last year a Federal income Tax of fifty thousand dollars. Other Federal taxes amounted to thirty-seven thousand dollars. A total in one year of \$97,000.

ROBBERY.—The Visalia (Cal.) Delta says that Lieut. Daley, of the 2d Cal. Cavalry, was stopped near that town by two fellows and relieved of fifty dollars in gold coin.

OWEN RIVER.—Capt. Kelly of the Nevada Cavalry, has gone to Owen River to "clean out" certain hostile Indians. He has one hundred men with him.

THE population of all the States and Territories west of the Rocky Mountains (700,000) does not equal the population of New York City.

NEVADA is overrun with rebel "school marm's." Bad state of affairs when loyal women cannot be employed to teach the young idea how to shoot.

Miss Heron has made a contract with Maguire, "the Theater King" of California. She plays one hundred nights and receives ten thousand dollars.

Good.—The Denver News says: "A military post is to be established on the Little Blue for the protection of emigrants, freight, and the Overland Mail."

THERE are thirty six states of the American Union, including those now in revolt.

THE best route from San Francisco to Idaho is via Red Bluff, Cal.

The Telegraph operator has furnished us with the following:

"Mud Springs, Feb. 12th.

To Brown, Fort Laramie:—Fifteen miles of poles are gone below Pole Creek, ten miles this side. Poles will have to be cut and hauled for the gap this side of the creek. I will have my men cutting poles to-morrow. Telegraph office and stage station burned at Julesburg. Telegraph line destroyed and two ranches and stations burned to Valley Station. Stock driven off and everything destroyed.

(Signed) JOHN WILCOX, Capt. Co. B, 7th Iowa.

Mr. Brown says he expects the line to be in operation in five or six days. We may receive some of our Eastern business before that time by express.

THE friends of Hugh O'Neill have presented him with a well filled purse and a handsome watch, as a token of their appreciation of his conduct in the ring. —*Montana Post*.

PATCH, the Federal collector at San Francisco, is a defaulter to the amount of twenty thousand dollars. His bondsmen are trying to patch up the affair.

NOT BAD.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company cleared \$1,800,000 during the quarter ending September 30th, 1864.

THE Government has formally received the iron-clad Comanche, now floating in the Bay of San Francisco.

THE Calaveras (Cal.) Chronicle says that the miners in that section are doing better this winter than ever before.

ARRIVED.—The remains of William L. Dayton, late Minister to France, have arrived in Trenton, New Jersey.

THE sureties of Collector Patch of San Francisco have paid the defalcation found in his office.

THE real name of "Josh Billings," the humorist, is Henry G. Shaw, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., auctioneer.

SAN FRANCISCO has a population of 112,000 and a tax list representing eighty millions of dollars.

MISS HERON, celebrated as an actress is now playing an engagement in San Francisco.

KENTUCKY is striving to rid herself of slavery. She will succeed before next Christmas.

THE taxable property of Oregon amounts to seventy five million of dollars.

THERE are 362 lake vessels laid up at the Chicago wharves on account of the ice.

THE MONTANA POST is the only newspaper published in Montana Territory.

COWSLIPS in the winter can be obtained by driving cows on the ice.

THE export of Petroleum now amounts to \$25,000,000 per annum.

A good quality of sugar is now manufactured from Indian corn.

GOLD in Richmond is now at a premium of 4,000 per cent.

MONTANA TERRITORY has a population of sixteen thousand.

YALE COLLEGE has 644 students for the present year.

THE power in a woman's eye was once happily expressed by the late George Stephenson. On his being asked what he considered the most powerful force in nature, he replied: "It is the eye of the woman to the man that loves her; for if a woman looks with affection on a man, should he go to the uttermost ends of the earth, the recollection of that look will bring him back."

Local Matters.

On Sunday, while every one was basking in the genial sunshine of the day and fondly hoping that an early spring would bless us, little did we imagine what was in store for us. On Sunday night, it blew first, then rained, afterwards hailed, and finally snowed to the depth of some four inches. Yesterday the sun peeped out again and the four inches of snow underwent a slight thaw.

At a meeting of the Eureka Council of Knight Templars, held in their hall on Sunday evening last, the following officers were duly elected for the ensuing term:

E. H. Gatewood, W. C.; W. L. Reeves, P. W. C.; Patrick Conway, S. W.; W. M. Hutchings, J. W.; Chas. E. Jackins, W. Ch.; Fred Livingston, W. S.; Robt. Murray, H.; Daniel Holland, S.; Franklin Noble, G.

MARTIN the Wizard gives the second of his series of magical wonders this evening. We understand that the "la me," "dew tell," and "well, I declare," was exclaimed more than once by his astonished admirers last evening.

It is a matter of no little speculation in the minds of our Volunteers to decide how they are to be enabled to trip "the light fantastic" on the 22d, in the absence of the much wanted "Major."

PERSONAL.—Lieut. S. E. Jocelyn, A. C. M., returned to camp from Fort Bridger, on Sunday last. Capt. Albert Brown, 2d Cav., C. V., left camp for Fort Bridger, yesterday.

Eggs and Butter are a great luxury in the way of eatables, but "the \$1.40" is a greater one in our pockets.

INSULTING A SWORD—A singular affair occurred recently at Vienna. A gentleman and a lieutenant in the army meeting in the street, the stick of the former by accident struck the sword of the latter. Each party turned around, apparently expecting the other to apologize, when at last the civilian remarked, "Why the deuce do you pass through the streets with your spit sticking out in such a manner?" High words followed, which ended in the officer prosecuting his adversary for an insult to his military honor by an injurious epithet applied to his sword. The President of the Police Court, before whom the case was brought, severely reprimanded the civilian for the expression used; and the court, considering that the accused could not be in the possession of his full mental faculties, admitted extenuating circumstances, and condemned him to a fine of 15 thalers (about \$2.)

In describing the difference between aristocracy and democracy it is wittily said of Cincinnati—the democracy are those who kill hogs for a living, the aristocracy those whose fathers killed hogs.

On account of the number of oil wells in this country, a Western exchange thinks the United States ought to be called Modern Grease!

JESSE BEENE,
AUSTIN DRUG STORE.

MAIN STREET, AUSTIN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs,
Medicines, Chemicals,
PATENT MEDICINES.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,
Fine Wines and Brandies,
FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.

All orders promptly filled at lowest market price.
feb1-3m

PRICE OF GOLD.

COIN—1.90.
Dust—Virginia \$24.00; Boise \$22.

Salt Lake City Prices Current.

[Corrected Daily by GILBERT & SONS.]
SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 18, 1895.

DRY GOODS—			
Prints	per yard	55 @	60
Ginghams	"	75 @	90
Checks	"	75 @	90
Stripes	"	1.00 @	1.25
Tickings	"	1.25 @	1.50
Bro. Drills	"	1.00 @	1.25
" Sheetings	"	1.25 @	1.50
Oenaburg	"	1.25 @	1.50
Bich'd Cotton	per yd.	75 @	1.25
Denims	"	90 @	1.25
Flannels	"	1.00 @	1.50
Spool Cotton	per doz.	3.00 @	
GROCERIES—			
Coffee	per lb.	1.25 @	
Sugar	"	1.00 @	
Candles	"	20 @	
Gun Powder	"	2.00 @	
Tobacco	"	4.00 @	4.00
Tea	"	5.00 @	6.00
Bacon, State	"	80 @	
" Valley	"	60 @	
Nails	"	45 @	60
Coal Oil	per gal.	10.00 @	
Lime	"	12.00 @	
Turpentine	"	15.00 @	
Palm Soap	per lb.	60 @	
Castile	"	1.25 @	
Pepper	"	1.50 @	
Alfalfa	"	1.50 @	
Whisky	per gal.	15.00 @	
Brandy	"	20.00 @	
Glass 8x10	per box	33.00 @	
" 10x12	"	35.00 @	
" 10x14	"	37.00 @	
" 12x16	"	40.00 @	
LEATHER—			
Sole	per lb.	1.00 @	
Harness	"	1.25 @	
Bridle	per doz.	125.00 @	
Kip	"	175.00 @	
White Lead	per keg	15.00 @	
PRODUCE—			
Flour	per 100 lbs.	16.00 @	
Indian Meal	"	8.00 @	
Wheat	per bush.	6.00 @	
Barley	"	4.00 @	
Oats	"	3.00 @	
Eggs	per doz.	1.00 @	
Butter	per lb.	1.40 @	
Cheese	"	50 @	60
Hay	per ton	35.00 @	
Straw	"	25.00 @	
Wood	per cord	18.00 @	
Coal	per ton	40.00 @	
Molasses	per gal.	8.50 @	4.00
Potatoes	per bush.	3.00 @	
Onions	"	8.00 @	
Dried Peaches	per lb.	75 @	
" Apples	"	75 @	
PROVISIONS—			
Beef, fresh	"	12 @	20
" corned	"	15 @	18
" dried	"	00 @	00
Pork, fresh	"	50 @	00
" pickled	"	50 @	00
Pigs feet	per lb.	30 @	00
Hams, Valley	"	1.00 @	00
Mutton	"	15 @	25
Veal	"	20 @	00
Sausage, bologna	"	1.00 @	00
" fresh	"	50 @	00
Pork head cheese	"	50 @	00
Liver pudding	"	50 @	00

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forbidden to do any work on, or take possession of, or trespass upon the claim known as the MORNING STAR CLAIM, (discovery location,) or upon that other claim known as THE GOSHUTE CLAIM, (discovery location,) both of which are situated in Deep Creek Mining District.

By order of the shareholders,
WILLIAM WATSON,
Secretary and Dist. Recorder.
Camp Douglas, U. T. February 6, 1895. f81w

ODD FELLOWS ASSOCIATION.

REGULAR MEETINGS on every WEDNESDAY evening, in Daft's Hall, G. S. L. City. Brethren of the Order, cordially invited to attend.
R. L. WESTBROOK, President.
R. S. CRAIG, Secretary. feb7-1f

MARTIN, THE WIZARD,

HAS ARRIVED!

THE WORLD RENOWNED, WONDER-CREATING WIZARD, MARTIN, will appear at

MUSIC HALL, 14TH WARD,

SALT LAKE CITY,

Monday and Tuesday Evenings,

FEBRUARY 13TH AND 14TH.

Turning as by magic wand, this popular place of amusement to a Gorgeous Enchanted Temple of Magic and Mystery, or a Night in Wonder World; together with innumerable and amusing incidents in Ventriloquism and Mechanical Figures, or apparently Animated Automata, which have invariably been greeted with enthusiastic applause from every audience. These Figures have been brought to such perfection as to defy all competition; surpassing anything of the kind in the world.

See Bills of the Day.

ADMISSION.....ONE DOLLAR.

RESERVED SEATS.....TWO DOLLARS.

Children under ten years half price.

Doors open at 6 1-2 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7.

feb10-1d

Take Notice!

ROSENBAUM & CO., sell only good fresh beef, at reasonable rates, when we conclude to sell half starved Steers—we'll be able to reduce prices—but we will not offer THAT kind to OUR customers just yet, at any price.
jan10-1f

W. J. APPLERY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
will practice in all the Courts of Utah. Debts collected, Deeds, Leases, Powers of Attorney, etc., legally drawn up, and Acknowledgments, Deposits, etc., taken according to Law, for any of the States or Territories. OFFICE at residence on Market street, one block west of the Post-Office, G. S. L. City. jan26-1f

G. McFARLAND.

Dealer in
WINE AND LIQUORS.

Hill's old Stand, Groesbeck's Building,
Second South Street.

Old Blend, Extra Quality

Rechele Brandy,

Pure Holland Gin,

Scotch Whisky,

Bourbon Whisky,

Valley Whisky,

Monongahela, do.

SHERRY, CALIFORNIA, CURRANT,

AND

Champagne Wines.

Particular attention is solicited to an Article of

SHERRY WINE BITTERS,

Which is recommended as an unequalled appetizer, and the best strengthening MEDICINE known. Those who have used it to remove the lassitude of the system occasioned by excesses, pronounce it

AN ELEGANT EYE OPENER.

Toning the Stomach to a healthful condition, reducing the head to its proper proportions, and rejuvenating the whole MAN. It gives bloom to the Cheek and brightness to the Eye.

"It gently soothes the brow of care, And writes a thousand graces there."

All of the above sold in quantities from a Pint upwards, at a very moderate advance from cost.

G. McFARLAND.

SALT LAKE CITY, January 14th, 1895. jan14tf

GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!

Just arrived from San Francisco and open at

NIXONS OLD STORE

Now occupied by BOURNE & NEEDHAM,
East Temple Street

A beautiful, large and fine selection of

LADIES' AND GENTS' GOLD

—AND—

SILVER WATCHES,

GOLD VEST CHAINS,

CHATELAIN CHAINS,

SILVER CHAINS,

A splendid assortment

—OF—

LADIES GOLD SETS.

AND

Every other description of JEWELRY

Also Watchmakers tools, Watch Glasses, Hands, etc. etc. etc.

jan14tf

JOHN MEERS.

School Books,

SLATES, PENCILS,

Stationery,

CIRCULATING LIBRARY, NEWSPAPERS

Groceries Provisions & Seeds.

T. D. Brown & Son.

jan27-1m

BODENBURG & KAHN

Respectfully announce to the residents of the Territory, that they have just received from the

an entire new stock of

Merchandise,

Which they offer for Sale at their Old Stand, on

EAST TEMPLE STREET.

Consisting of

SILKS, FRENCH AND ENGLISH

MERINOS,

POPLINS, LAWNS, MOHAIRS,

MOZAMBIQUES, PLAIN AND FANCY DELAINES,

PRINTS, DENIMS, HICKORYS,

CHECKS, SHEETINGS, LINSEYS,

FLANNELS,

and a variety of New Styles

WOOLEN HOODS, MUFFS, SCARFS

—AND—

DOUBLE SHAWLS.

GROCERIES

Of the Finest:

Tea,

Sugar,

Coffee,

Spices,

Dye Stuffs, etc.

Also, a Splendid Stock of

Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes,

Gent's Ready Made

Clothing & Furnishing Goods

MILITARY CLOTH,

Hardware, Queensware, Stationery

Cigars,

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO,

etc. etc. etc.

W. B. WELTON, Proprietor.

jan14tf

BODENBURG & KAHN.

UNITED STATES SALOON.

W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.

HAVING just received a new outfit of Saloon

Fixtures, together with a choice stock of

Liquors and Cigars.

I would most respectfully invite all of my

friends and the public to continue that liberal

patronage which you have always bestowed,

this being the first SALOON OPENED IN THE CITY.

And has never changed hands. I shall endeavor

never to be SECOND TO NONE in keeping the

finest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

Mr. JOHNNY CONLY with the

SMILE, is ever ready and willing to wait upon

those who wish to favor this House with a call.

jan14tf

W. L. SHOLES.

CLARK & CO.

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City.

DEALERS IN

COIN, GOLD DUST, and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with the Metropolitan Bank, New

York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co.,

Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce,

New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia. jan14tf

G. ROSENBAUM, CHAS. POTTER, L. NEWMAN.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

MEAT MARKET.

ROSENBAUM & CO.,

TAKE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE

TO THE PUBLIC THAT

THEY HAVE

Now Opened

—THE—

LARGEST MEAT STALL IN THE CITY.

WHERE THE

Choicest Meats

will always be on Hand,

BEEF

PORK

MUTTON

VEAL

LAMB

PORK SAUSAGE,

HEAD CHEESE,

LIVER SAUSAGE,

CORNED BEEF AND PORK,

PICKLED TONGUE,

SWEET BREADS,

TRIPE,

BRAINS,

And everything in the Business.

THE Patronage of the Public is respectfully

solicited for this establishment.

Every effort will be made to gratify the wishes

of customers, and orders sent by the young will

have the same prompt attention.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

N. B.—Purchasers will have their Meats sent

to any part of the City

Free of Charge.

ROSENBAUM & CO.

January 10th, 1895.

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE CITY.

MANSION HOUSE!

Corner Emigration Street and State road,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

A young lady, when invited to partake of the pudding, replied, "No, many thanks, my dear madam. By no manner of means. I have already indulged the clamorous calls of a craving appetite, until a manifest sense of internal fullness admonishes my stay; my deficiency is entirely and satisfactorily satisfied."

SHORT FELLOW.—The father of Alexander Dumas was a famous General during the French Revolution, and a most powerful man. When practicing at riding school he would stop his horse while in career, by seizing a rafter overhead and holding his seat with his legs.

MADRID is about to erect a monument to Columbus. The Municipality has voted 800,000 reals; the Committee has subscribed a part and the rest will be paid for by the State. The place selected is in the street De los Recoletos, opposite the Mint.

CALIFORNIA TRUNKS.—There is a trunk factory in San Francisco, employing forty men and turning out forty dozen of trunks, valises and carpet sacks per week. The California tanned leather is said to stand this climate much better than that imported from the East.

A Box was sent from Providence some time ago with the following address:

"John McPherson esquire, kumpinary C, sekunt regiment rode ilan privateers, Washington, dee. Kamp kloss to the Wrappanock, ak wy kreak."

A JERSEY boy, now with the army in Virginia, writing home to his wife, says: "You must not think about me, dear Mary. I think a great deal about you and the little ones; but I cannot come home and see my country licked!"

THE coffee bean, concerning the cultivation of which in New England much is being written, is neither more nor less than the common bean so extensively grown in Great Britain, and used there exclusively for feeding horses and cattle.

TWO INSECTS.—Sydney Smith, one day observed Lord Brougham's one-horse carriage, on the pannel of which appeared a "B," surmounted by a coronet, said to a friend: "There goes a carriage with a bee outside and a wasp within."

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

AT

WALKER BRO'S.

FLOUR,

WHEAT,

OATS,

BARLEY,

CORN MEAL,

BUTTER,

BACON,

ALSO

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND

FEET OF

SQUARE EGGED LUMBER.

Jan 3-11

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

And start as early as the 1st of March.

Apply at my office, one door south of Goddard's Drug Store.

HOWARD LIVINGSTONE.

September 24, 1864.

Jan 10-11

CALL AT

WALKER BRO'S

—FOR—

French and English Merinos, Alpaca Lustres,

—AND—

Mohairs, Cobourgs, Poplins, Alcatas, Grenadines, Ecosais,

ALL WOOL REPS,

Fine Black Silks and Gingham, of all qualities.

AMERICAN & FRENCH DELAINES, Japonett, Swiss, Book, Dotted and Barred Muslins,

Victoria and Bishops Lawns.

The above line complete in every style. Bleached and Unbleached Table Damasks,

French Broadcloths and Cassimeres,

All Wool French Shawls, a beautiful selection.

Flowers, Ruches, Bonnet, Taffeta and Velvet Ribbons,

French Corsets, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Hair Nets, Embroidered and Linen Collars, Fancy Dress Trimmings,

PERFUMERY and STATIONERY, Shakespeare's and other Dramatic Works, Fancy Albums, and a great variety of Books suitable for Christmas and New Years' Presents.

Also, Wilson's Complete Series of School Books.

A very heavy stock of Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

China, Queens and Tin Ware, CUTLERY,

Miners' and Carpenters' Tools, of every description.

GROCERIES

of finest quality, and

CANDIES

in great variety.

WALKER BRO'S.

Jan 10-11

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Have leave to inform the public that they will soon open their

NEW STORE,

OPPOSITE THE

Overland Stage Line Office,

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

Largest

And

Best

Assorted

STOCK

OF

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

We shall have

Everything that is to be Found,

IN A

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the store we now occupy where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Clothing and Furnishing

Goods.

Liberal Deduction Made

TO

COUNTRY DEALERS.

Flour, Grain and other Produce taken, for which the regular prices will be allowed.

Jan 3-11 N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, Stationery, School Books.

All kinds Preserves, Pie and Can Fruits.

Coats, Pants, Vests, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Gloves, Handk'fs.

And a Splendid Assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also: a Large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

Silks, Lawns, Cambrics, Calicoes, Checks, Chambrays, Flannels, Shawls, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery.

And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Flesh Brushes, Nail Brushes, Coarse and Fine Combs,

And a Choice Selection of

Feminas and Perfumeries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Remember the place, next door to the Salt Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

Jan 15-11

GILBERT & SONS.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska City and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave every morning at ten o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE, ATCHISON and NEBRASKA CITY.

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City Montana, via East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via Boise City, West Bannock.

Time to Denver, 5 days.

Time to Atchison & Nebraska City, 12 "

Jan 11 J. O. ROBERSON, Agent.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.,

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchison, Kansas, and Placerville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.,

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY.

AT NINE O'CLOCK, A. M.

H. S. RUMFELD, Agent.

Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. Jan 11-11